

#### **DISCLOSURES**

**2017 Insurance IFRS Seminar** 

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Session 22



#### **Disclosures overview**

An entity shall disclose qualitative and quantitative information about:

1. Explanation of recognised amounts

The amounts recognised in F/S that arise from insurance contracts

New IFRS 17 requirements

2. Significant judgements

The significant judgements, and their changes

Some requirements prought forward from IFRS 4

3. Risks

The nature and extent of risks that arise from insurance contracts

Most requirements brought forward from IFRS 4

More on these three areas later...



#### **Disclosures**

**Examples** of disaggregation bases that might be appropriate are:

- Type of contract (e.g. major product lines/portfolios); or
- Geographical area (e.g. country or region)
- Reportable segment, as defined in IFRS 8 Operating Segments



### 1. Explanation of recognised amounts Reconciliation overview

2 Significant

Significant judgements

1. Explanation of recognized

3. Risks

The purpose of disclosing reconciliations is to show how the net carrying amounts of contracts changed during the period

- Separate reconciliations shall be disclosed for direct business and reinsurance
- Provide reconciliations in tables
- Present at beginning and end of period, disaggregated into assets and liabilities



## 1. Explanation of recognised amounts Insurance contract liability breakdown



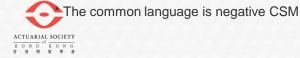
1. Explanation of recognized amounts

Significant judgements

3. Risks

The following disclosure provides **movements** and further breakdown of **insurance contract liability**:

- Reconciliations from opening to closing separately for each of:
  - a) net liabilities (or assets) for remaining coverage, excluding loss component
  - b) loss component\*
  - c) liabilities for incurred claims



## 1. Explanation of recognised amounts P&L breakdown

The following disclosure provides **breakdown of P&L** amounts related to insurance services:

- a) insurance revenue.
- b) insurance service expenses, showing separately:
  - i. incurred claims (excluding investment components) and other incurred insurance service expenses;
  - ii. amortisation of insurance acquisition CF;
  - iii. changes that relate to past service
    - i.e. changes in fulfilment CF relating to incurred claims;
  - iv. changes that relate to future service
    - i.e. losses on onerous groups of contracts and reversals.
- c) investment components excluded from insurance revenue and insurance service expenses.



Para

## ara 105

## 1. Explanation of recognised amounts Amounts not related to insurance services

Relationship between B/S and P&L

1. Explanation of recognized amounts

2. Significant judgements

3. Risks

For items <u>not</u> related to insurance services, disclose them separately to show the big picture:

- a) CF in the period, including:
  - premiums received (or paid for reinsurance);
  - ii. insurance acquisition CF;
  - iii. incurred claims and other insurance service expenses paid (or recovered from reinsurance), excluding insurance acquisition CF.
- b) the effect of changes in the risk of non-performance by reinsurer;
- c) insurance finance income or expenses; and
- d) any additional line items that may be necessary to understand the change in the net carrying amount of the insurance contracts.



#### 1. Explanation of recognised amounts

Table 2—movements in insurance contract liabilities analysed between liabilities for remaining coverage and incurred claims

SCI

Relationship between B/S and P&L 1. Explanation of recognized amounts

2. Significant judgements

3. Risks

Para 100

	Liabilities for remaining coverage		
Para 103	Excluding onerous contracts component	Onerous contracts component	Liabilities for incurred claims
Insurance Commact liabilities 20X0 <sup>114</sup>	161,938	13,639	
Insurance revenue <sup>115</sup>	(9,856)		
Insurance service expenses	1,259	(623)	7,985
Incurred claims and other expenses		(840)	7,945
Acquisition expenses	1,259		
Changes that relate to future service: losses on onerous contracts and reversals of those losses		217	
Changes that relate to past/service: changes to liabilities for incurred claims			40
Investment components	(6,465)		6,465
Insurance service result	(15,062)	(623)	14,450
Insurance finance expenses	8,393	860	55
Total changes in the statement of comprehensive income	(6,669)	237	14,505
Cash flows Premiums received Para 105	33,570		
Claims and other expenses paid			(14,336)
Acquisition cash flows raid	(401)		
Total cash flows	33,169	-	(14,336)
Insurance contract liabilities 20X1	188,438	16,096	1,190



Source IASB Effects Analysis

## 1. Explanation of recognised amounts Building blocks breakdown

- A reconciliation showing source of profit would provide useful information for users of F/S
- The following disclosure provides movement of the insurance contract liability in terms of different building blocks
- Disclose reconciliations from opening to closing separately for each of:
  - estimate of the PV of future CF;
  - RA for non-financial risk; and
  - CSM



## 1. Explanation of recognised amounts Future/current/past service

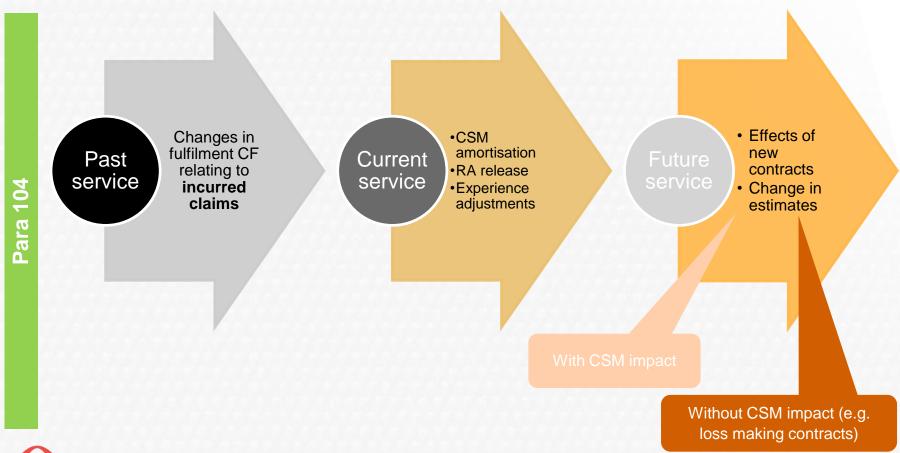
B/S

1. Explanation of recognized amounts

Significant judgements

3. Risks

 Another dimension of disclosure for changes related to future/current/past service





B/S

1. Explanation of recognized amounts

2. Significant judgements

3. Risks

#### 1. Explanation of recognised amounts

Table 3-movements in insurance contract liabilities analysed by components

Para 101

Para 104	Estimates of the present value of future cash flows	Risk adjustment	Contractual service margin
Insurance contract liabilities 20X0 <sup>117</sup>	163,962	5,998	8,858
Changes that relate to current service	35	(604)	(923)
Contractual service margin recognised for service provided			(923)
Risk adjustment recognised for the risk expired		(604)	
Experience adjustments	35		
Changes that relate to future service	(784)	1,117	(116)
Contracts initially recognised in the period <sup>1</sup> 8	(2,329)	1,077	1,375
Changes in estimates reflected in the contractual service margin <sup>119</sup>	1,452	39	(1,491)
Changes in estimates that result in onergus contract losses	93	1	
Changes that relate to past service	47	(7)	
Adjustments to liabilities for incurred claims	47	(7)	
Insurance service result	(702)	506	(1,039)
Insurance finance expenses <sup>120</sup>	9,087	-	221
Total changes in the statement of comprehensive income	8,385	506	(818)
Cash flows <sup>121</sup>	18,833		
Insurance contract liabilities 20x1	191,180	6,504	8,040

Source IASB Effects Analysis



## **Para 106**





1. Explanation of recognized amounts

2. Significant judgements

3. Risks

The following disclosure provides useful information about the **drivers of insurance revenue** and assists users to understand how insurance revenue relates to more familiar metrics

- a) the amounts relating to the changes in the liability for remaining coverage, separately disclosing:
  - i. insurance service expenses expected to be incurred during the period;
  - ii. change in RA; and
  - iii. amortisation of CSM
- allocation of premiums that relate to the recovery of insurance acquisition CF (CSM gross-up)



#### SCI

1. Explanation of recognized amounts

2. Significant judgements

3. Risks

#### 1. Explanation of recognised amounts

#### Table 5—analysis of insurance revenue

	20X1
Amounts related to liabilities for remaining coverage	8,597
Expected incurred claims and other expenses122	7,070
Contractual service margin for the service provided	923
Risk adjustment for the risk expired	604
Recovery of acquisition cash flows	1,259
Insurance revenue	9,856

Source IASB Effects Analysis



## Jara 107

This disclosure requirement gives information on **business growth**. This is important when assessing an entity's future prospects.

1. Explanation of recognised amounts

Disclose the effect on balance sheet separately for direct business and reinsurance that are initially recognised in the period:

- a) estimates of PV of future cash outflows, showing separately the amount of the insurance acquisition CF;
- b) Estimates of PV of future cash inflows
- c) RA for non-financial risk; and

Effect at initial recognition

d) CSM.

a) Colvi.

Separately disclose amounts resulting from:

- a) contracts acquired from other entities; and
- b) groups of contracts that are **onerous**.





B/S

1. Explanation of recognized amounts

2. Significant judgements

3. Risks

Para 107

Para 108

#### Table 4—analysis of contracts initially recognised in the period

Contracts initially recognised in 20X1		Of which contracts acquired	Of which onerous contracts
Estimates of the present value of future cash inflows	(33,570)	(15,155)	(1,716)
Estimates of the present value of future cash outflows			
Insurance acquisition cash flows	401	122	27
Claims payable and other expenses	30,840	17,501	1,704
Risk adjustment	1,077	658	108
Contractual service margin	1,375	896	
Total	123	22	123





1. Explanation of recognized amounts

Significant judgements

## 1. Explanation of recognised amounts CSM release pattern

Disclosing when the CSM is expected to be recognised in P&L in future periods would be helpful in assessing future profitability

- Disclose an explanation of when the insurer expects to recognise the CSM remaining at the end of the reporting period in P&L
- Such information shall be provided separately for direct business and reinsurance





1. Explanation of recognized amounts

2. Significant judgements

3. Risks

## 1. Explanation of recognised amounts Insurance finance income or expenses

Insurance finance income or expenses are expected to have a significant effect on the **performance** of an insurer, particularly if it issues long-duration contracts

- Disclose and explain the total amount of insurance finance income or expenses in the period. In particular, explain the relationship between insurance finance income or expenses and the investment return on its assets
- The basis for any disaggregation of the total between amounts recognised in P&L and OCI



1. Explanation of recognized amounts

2. Significant judgements

3. Risks

 Methods used to measure insurance contracts and the processes estimating the inputs, with quantitative information:

- changes in estimates of future CF arising from the exercise of discretion from other changes in estimates (indirect par contracts),
- RA for non-financial risk, including whether changes in RA are disaggregated into an insurance service component and finance component or presented in full in the insurance service result,
- Discount rates,
- Investment components that are <u>not</u> unbundled.

**Any changes** in the methods and processes as noted above, the **reason** for each change, and the **type of contracts** affected.



## New in IFRS 17

#### 2. Significant judgements

Inputs, assumptions and estimation techniques (cont'd)

1. Explanation of recognized amounts

2. Significant judgements

3. Risks

 If an entity chooses the OCI option, disclose an explanation of the methods used to determine the insurance finance income or expenses recognised in P&L.

OCI option

 Disclose the confidence level (CI) used to determine RA. If the entity uses a technique other than CI, it shall disclose the technique used and corresponding CI.

RA

luqi<sub>sect</sub>

 Disclose the yield curve (or range of yield curves) used to discount CF that do <u>not</u> vary based on the returns on underlying items.

Non-bar



#### 3. Risks

#### Exposure and uncertainty

1. Explanation of recognized amounts

2. Significant judgements

- Disclose information to evaluate the **nature**, **amount**, **timing** and uncertainty of future CF, e.g.
- a) risk **exposures** and how they arise;
- b) objectives, policies, processes, and methods for managing risks;
- c) changes in a) or b) from the previous period.
- Risk exposure: period-end vs. during the period
- If risk exposure at the end of period is <u>not</u> representative of its exposure during the period, disclose this fact, the **reason**, and further information that is representative of its risk exposure during the period



#### 3. Risks

#### Exposure and uncertainty (cont'd)

1. Explanation of recognized amounts

2. Significant judgements

3. Risks

#### For each type of risk, disclose:

- Summary quantitative information of risk exposure at the end of period, based on information provided internally to key management personnel
- Description of how to determines risk concentrations, and the shared characteristic that identifies each concentration (e.g., type of insured event, industry, geographical area, currency)



## New in IFRS 17

## 3. Risks Regulatory matters

1. Explanation of recognized amounts

Significant judgements

- Effect of each regulatory framework in which the entity operates;
   e.g., minimum capital requirements or required interest rate guarantees.
- Disclose the fact if regulation specifically constrains the entity's
   practical ability to set a different price or level of benefits for
   policyholders with different characteristics, and the entity chooses to
   include these contracts in the same group



## **3. Risks**Sensitivity analysis

1. Explanation of recognized amounts

2. Significant judgements

- a) Shows how **P&L** and equity would have been affected by changes in risk exposures at the end of period:
  - i. for **insurance risk**—showing the effect for insurance contracts issued, before and after risk mitigation by reinsurance;
  - ii. for each type of market risk—explains the relationship between the sensitivities to changes in risk exposures arising from insurance contracts and from financial assets held.
- b) Methods and assumptions used;
- c) Changes from the previous period in the methods and assumptions used, and the reasons for such changes.
- d) An explanation of the objective of the method used and of any limitations that may result in the information provided.



## 3. Risks Claims development

2. Significant judgements

- Disclose actual claims compared with previous estimates of the undiscounted amount of the claims (i.e. claims development).
- Start with the period when the earliest material claim(s) arose and there is still uncertainty about the amount and timing of the claims payments at the end of period; but need not more than 10 years.
- No need to disclose claims development if uncertainty is resolved within 1 year.
- Reconcile claims development with aggregate carrying amount of the groups of insurance contracts.



## 3. Risks Credit risk and liquidity risk

1. Explanation of recognized amounts

2. Significant judgements

	Credit risk		Liquidity risk
•	The amount that best represents the entity's maximum credit risk exposure at end of period, separately for direct business and reinsurance; and Credit quality of reinsurance contract assets.	•	How the entity manages liquidity risk; Separate maturity analyses that shows the net CF that result from groups insurance contracts (and reinsurance contracts) for each of the first 5 years after the reporting date and in aggregate beyond the first 5 years; and Amounts that are payable on demand, explaining the relationship between
			such amounts and the carrying amount of the related groups of contracts.





### 4. Specific additional disclosures Variable fee approach

- Describe the composition of the underlying items and disclose their fair value
- If an entity uses derivatives to mitigate financial risk and chose not to adjust CSM for some changes in FCF, disclose the effect to the CSM in the current period. The idea is to reduce lack of comparability



#### SCI

## 4. Specific additional disclosures VFA (cont'd)

In order to prevent an entity from including or excluding gains/losses permanently in P&L simply by choosing to buy or sell underlying items:

- If an entity **changes the basis of disaggregation** of insurance finance income or expenses between P&L and OCI, disclose:
  - a) reason why the entity was required to change the basis (e.g. change in whether it holds the underlying items);
  - b) amount of any adjustment for each F/S line item affected;
  - c) carrying amount of the groups of insurance contracts to which the change applied at the date of the change.



## 4. Specific additional disclosures Premium allocation approach

#### If the entity adopts PAA, also disclose:

- a) Which of the PAA criteria it has satisfied;
- b) Whether it makes an adjustment for the time value of money and the effect of financial risk
- c) The method it has chosen to recognise insurance acquisition CF (deferral or expensed as incurred)



#### B/S

### 4. Specific additional disclosures Transition (1/2)

#### With regards to transition, an entity shall disclose:

Reconciliation of the opening to closing CSM, and amount of insurance revenue, separately for:

- a) insurance contracts that existed on 1/1/2020 to which the entity has applied the modified retrospective approach;
- b) insurance contracts that existed on 1/1/2020 to which the entity has applied the fair value approach; and
- c) all other insurance contracts

For all periods in which disclosures are made applying the modified retrospective approach or the fair value approach, **explain** how it determined the **measurement** of insurance contracts on 1/1/2020.



## 4. Specific additional disclosures Transition (2/2)



#### **Disclosure on the OCI option**

- If adopt the OCI option, disclose how to determine the cumulative difference between the insurance finance income or expenses recognised in P&L and the total insurance finance income or expenses on 1/1/2020.
- For all periods in which OCI option is adopted, disclose a reconciliation from opening to closing balance of the cumulative amounts included in OCI for financial assets measured at FVOCI related to the groups of insurance contracts.
- The reconciliation shall include gains/losses recognised in OCI in the period and gains/losses previously recognised in OCI and recycled to P&L in the current period.



#### **Disclosures**

Recap

